

Math 390

Thursday, April 1

Cholesky Factorization

A - Hermitian (real entries on diagonal)

Fri - Foreign Country

- positive definite

- ?

$$\langle \underline{x}, A \underline{x} \rangle > 0 \text{ for all } \underline{x} \neq \underline{0}$$

Mon - Problem Session

\Leftrightarrow positive eigenvalues

Tue - Exam 2
(Factorizations)

then ~~$A = U^* U$~~ , where ~~U~~ is
~~upper-triangular~~

OR $A = L L^*$ where L is \leftarrow common
lower-triangular

Overview: like LU decomposition, but do row operations on the left,
and similar (adjoint) column operations on right.

Computing Cholesky

$$\langle \underline{e}_i, A \underline{e}_i \rangle = \langle \underline{e}_i, \text{first column of } A \rangle = \text{upper-left entry of } A > 0 \quad (\text{and real})$$

Write

$$A = \left[\begin{array}{c|c} a & x y^* \\ \hline y & B \end{array} \right]; \quad a > 0$$

then

← lower triangular

$$\left[\begin{array}{c|c} \sqrt{a} & 0^* \\ \hline \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} y & I \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c|c} 1 & 0^* \\ \hline 0 & B - \frac{1}{a} y y^* \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c|c} \sqrt{a} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} y^* \\ \hline 0 & I \end{array} \right]$$

take an adjoint

need square roots
need $a > 0, a \neq 0$

↑
 A_1

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c|c} \sqrt{a} \cdot 1 + \underline{0}^* \underline{0} & \sqrt{a} \underline{0}^* + \underline{0}^* (B - \frac{1}{a} \underline{y} \underline{y}^*) \\ \hline \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \underline{y} \cdot 1 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \underline{y} \cdot \underline{0}^* + I (B - \frac{1}{a} \underline{y} \underline{y}^*) \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c|c} \sqrt{a} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \underline{y}^* \\ \hline \underline{0} & I \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c|c} \sqrt{a} & \underline{0} \\ \hline \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \underline{y} & B - \frac{1}{a} \underline{y} \underline{y}^* \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c|c} \sqrt{a} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \underline{y}^* \\ \hline \underline{0} & I \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c|c} a & \underline{y}^* \\ \hline \underline{0} & (\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \underline{y}) (\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \underline{y}^*) + B - \frac{1}{a} \underline{y} \underline{y}^* \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{c|c} a & \underline{0}^* \\ \hline \underline{0} & B \end{array} \right] = A$$

$$A = L_1 A_1 L_1^* = L_1 L_2 \left[\begin{array}{c|c} 1 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & I \end{array} \right] L_2^* L_1^* = L I L^* = L L^*$$

↑ 1 in upper left corner
0's in first row, first column