

Math 491, Friday, April 3 Chapter 21 Fields

Sun 11:59 Project Proposal

Mon Problem Session

Sage 21

Tue Exam 3 Chaps 20/21
8:30

Thu Chapter 22 Finite Fields
RQ 6AM

Algebraic numbers: all roots of all polys in $\mathbb{Q}[X]$ (or $\mathbb{Z}[X]$)

$\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$ (Sage: QQbar)

"Algebraic reals" $\overline{\mathbb{Q}} \cap \mathbb{R}$ (Sage: AA)

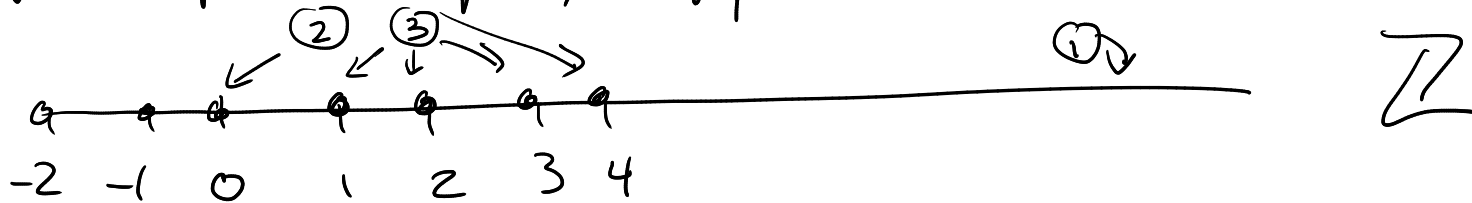
Straightedge & Compass Constructions

"Constructible numbers" \neq set of points in \mathbb{R}^2

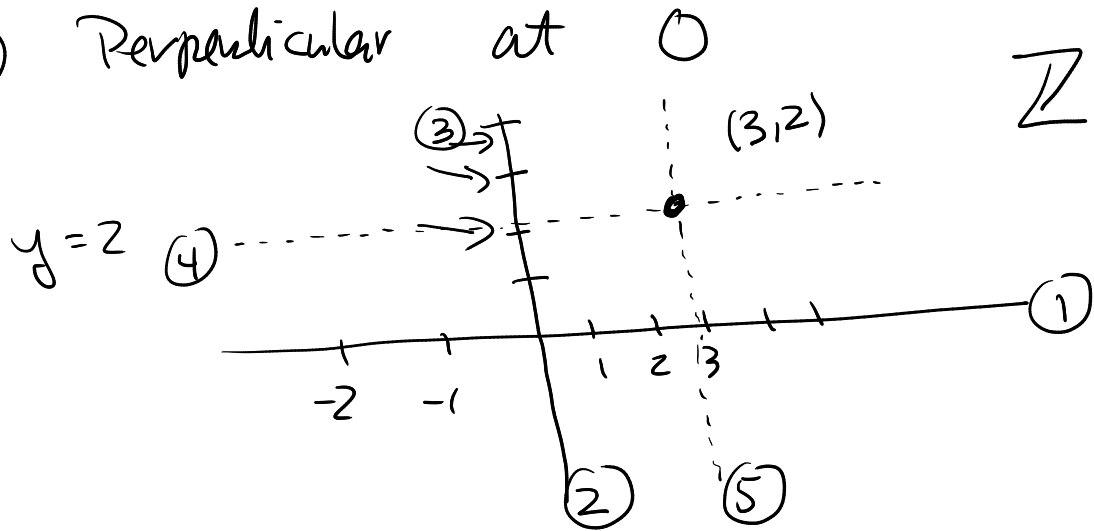
Compass:
 "collapsible"
 "fixed"

Start w/ unit length 

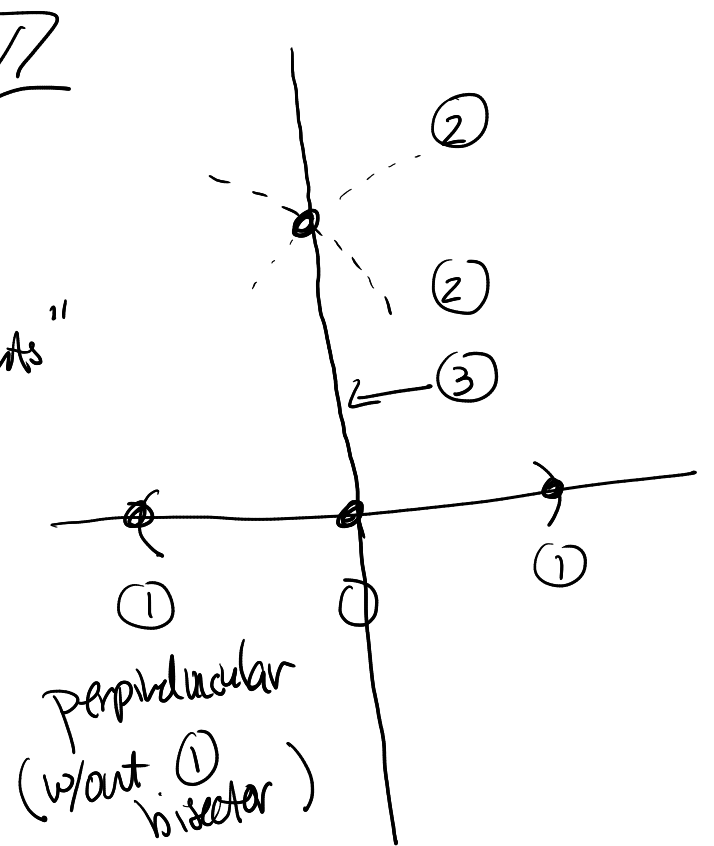
Non-collapsible compass, copy distances



(4) Perpendicular at 0



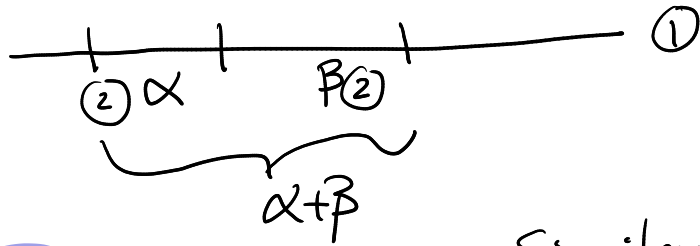
$\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$
 "lattice points"



Defn Constructible numbers is set of all lengths that can be constructed w/ st. straight edge & compass.

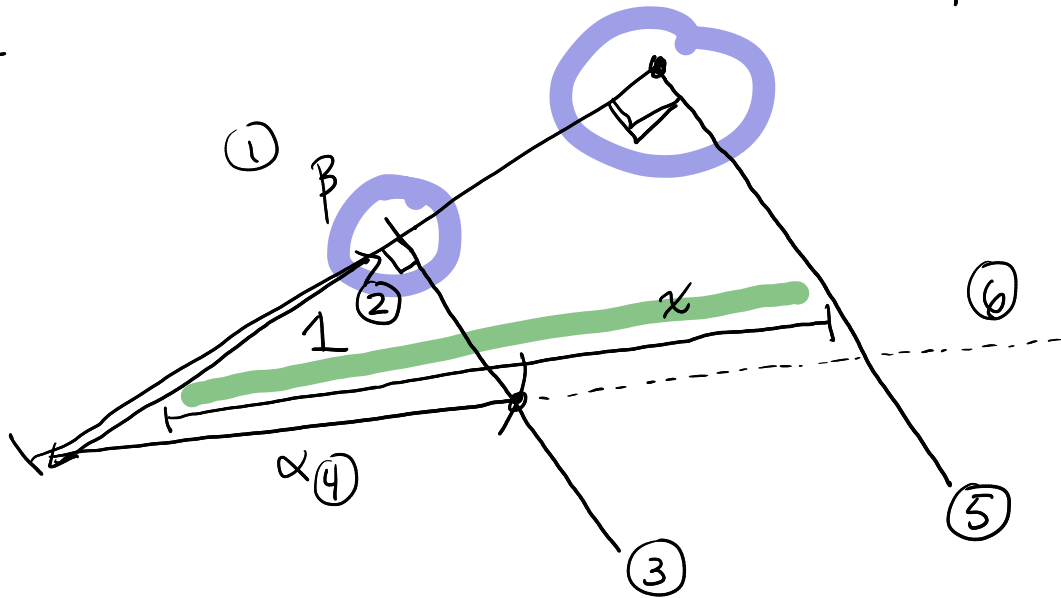
Fact Constructible numbers is a field.

Proof closure $\alpha + \beta$



$$\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{C} \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta \in \mathbb{C}$$

P1



Similar triangles

$$\frac{x}{\alpha} = \frac{\beta}{1}$$

$$x = \underline{\underline{\underline{\alpha\beta}}}$$

"Division" (units)
similar

2-D Start w $\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$

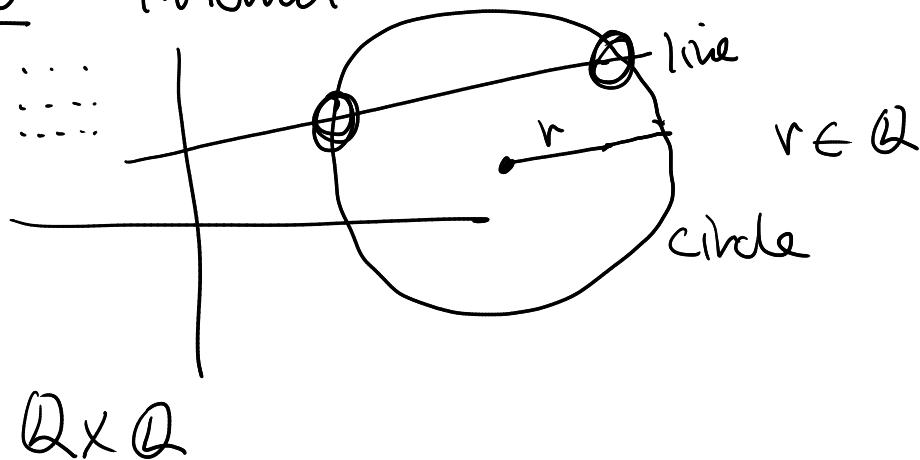
Build linear systems

$$2x + 3y = 9 \leftarrow \text{draw these lines}$$

$$-x + 8y = 17 \leftarrow$$

$$\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q} \times \mathbb{Q}$$

Also intersect a line w/ a circle



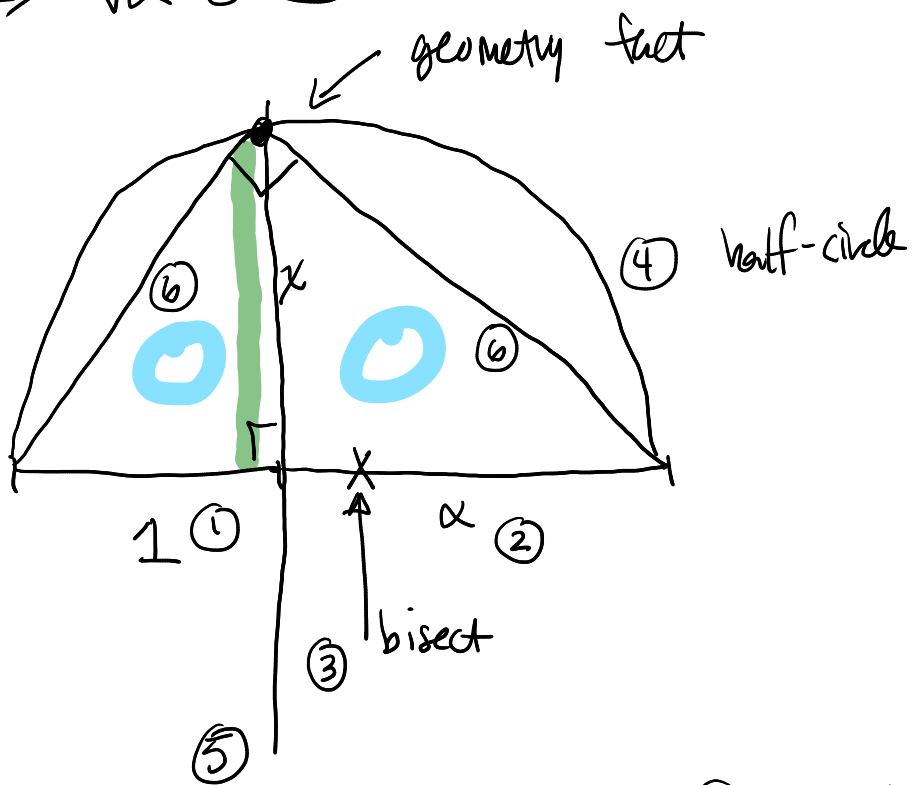
solution is in $\mathbb{Q} \times \mathbb{Q}$
solution is intersection

Solve

$$\text{system} \begin{cases} ax + by + c = 0 \\ dx^2 + ex + fy^2 + gy + h = 0 \end{cases}$$

produce square roots

$$\alpha \in \mathbb{C} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\alpha} \in \mathbb{C} \quad \alpha > 1$$



Similar triangles

$$\frac{x}{1} = \frac{\alpha}{x}$$

$$x^2 = \alpha$$

$$x = \sqrt{\alpha}$$

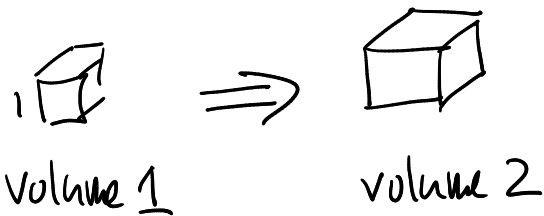
Fact

$\exists \alpha$ is constructible

$$[\mathbb{Q}(\alpha) : \mathbb{Q}] = 2^k$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 2 \left[\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{Q}_k \\ \vdots \\ \mathbb{Q}_2 \\ 1 \end{array} \right] \\
 2 \left[\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{Q}_2 \\ 1 \\ \mathbb{Q}_1 \\ 1 \\ \mathbb{Q}_0 \end{array} \right]
 \end{array}$$

Double the cube



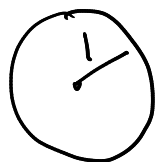
requires side length $\sqrt[3]{2}$

$$[\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[3]{2}) : \mathbb{Q}] = 3$$

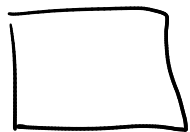
↑ not a power of 2

So $\sqrt[3]{2}$ not constructible

Square the circle



area π



area π

requires side length $\sqrt{\pi}$

$$[\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{\pi}) : \mathbb{Q}] = ?$$

π transcendental

not a finite extension

$$[\mathbb{Q}(\cos(20^\circ)) : \mathbb{Q}] = 3 \leftarrow \text{not a power of 2}$$

Trisect an Angle

60° can't be trisected

$\cos(20^\circ)$ is not constructible.

$\cos(20^\circ)$ root of irreducible

$$x^3 - 3/4x - 1/8 \text{ (tris identity)}$$

Sage:
not $(\log(2, \mathbb{Q}[\cos(\pi/9)])$ in $\mathbb{Z}\mathbb{Z}$)

True